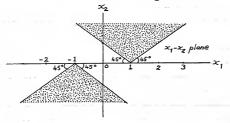
## Problem 1

Design a neural network, with two inputs  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  and  $\alpha$  single output s, that behaves as a two-class data classifier. On the  $x_1-x_2$  plane, shown below, all input patterns  $(x_1,x_2)$  inside the two shaded areas are identified by an output value s=1, whereas all input patterns outside these areas are identified by s=0. How will your network classify the input patterns (1,1), (-1,-1), and (1,-1)? Can the network properly classify the input pattern (0.5,0.5)? Why?



## Solution

The neural network consists of four layers: an input layer with two neurons N1 and N2; two hidden layers, the first with four neurons N3, N4, N5, and N6, and the second with two neurons N7 and N8; and an output layer with a single neuron N9.

The orientations of the four separation